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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/514,427	11/16/2004	Sui Xiong Cai	1735.0770001/RWE/CJW	4080
20111	7590 03/14/200 SLER, GOLDSTEIN 6	EXAMINER		
1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			O DELL, DAVID K	
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1609	
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
31 D.	AYS	03/14/2007	PAPER	

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Assistant Community	10/514,427	CAI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David K. O'Dell, Ph.D.	1609			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence addres:	s		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS , cause the application to become ABAND	TON.  De timely filed  from the mailing date of this commun  ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Se	eptember 2005.				
,	action is non-final.	•			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		prosecution as to the mer	rits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	·				
Disposition of Claims	,		-		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-92</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-92</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by t	ne Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	on is required if the drawing(s) is	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	l21(d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-15	52.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Appli	cation No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been rec	eived in this National Stag	е		
application from the International Bureau	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summ				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	ai i alciii AppiiodiiUii			
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

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1. Claims 1-92 are pending in the current application.

2. This is a National Stage of PCT/US03/15427, filed May 16, 2003, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/378,079, filed May 16, 2002.

## Election/Restrictions

3. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions, which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

Group I, Claims 1-9, 11-19, 21-23, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a phenyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is phenyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure I in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group II, Claims 1-8, 10-20, 24-26, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-pyridyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-pyridyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure II in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group III, Claims 1-8, 10-20, 24-26, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-quinoxalinyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-quinoxalinyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure III in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group IV, Claims 1-8, 11-20, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-pyrazinyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-pyrazinyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **IV** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

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Group V, Claims 1-8, 11-19, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-thiophenyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-thiophenyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **V** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group VI, Claims 1-8, 11-19, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-indolyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-indolyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **VI** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group VI, Claims 1-8, 11-19, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-indolyl-pyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-indolyl, D is fused pyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **VI** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group VII, Claims 1-9, 11, 27-37, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a phenyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is phenyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **VII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group VIII, Claims 1-8, 10, 11, 27-34, 38-40, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-pyridyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-pyridyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **VIII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group IX, Claims 1-8, 11, 27-34, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-quinoxalinyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-quinoxalinyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure IX in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group X, Claims 1-8, 11, 27-34, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-pyrazinyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-pyrazinyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **X** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XI, Claims 1-8, 11, 27-34, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-thiophenyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's

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Markush structure Formula I A is 2-thiophenyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XI** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XII, Claims 1-8, 11, 27-34, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-thiophenyl-dihydropyrrolo[2,3-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-thiophenyl, D is fused dihydropyrrole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XIII, Claims 1-9, 11, 41-50, 54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a phenyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is phenyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XIII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XIV, Claims 1-8, 10, 11, 41-47, 51-54, 57-64 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-pyridyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-pyridyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XIV** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XV, Claims 1-8, 11, 41-47, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-quinoxalinyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-quinoxalinyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XV** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XVI, Claims 1-8, 11, 41-47, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-pyrazinyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-pyrazinyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub>R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XVI** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XVII, Claims 1-8, 11, 41-47, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 2-thiophenyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 2-thiophenyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub> R<sub>3</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>22</sub>=R<sub>23</sub>=H shown as structure **XVII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XVIII, Claims 1-8, 11, 41-47, 54, 57-63 drawn to compounds and compositions possessing a 3-indolyl-imidazo[4,5-h]chromene core where in applicant's Markush structure Formula I A is 3-indolyl, D is fused imidazole, Y=CN, Z=NH<sub>2</sub>, or NR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub>

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 $R_3=R_4=R_5=R_{22}=R_{23}=H$  shown as structure **XVIII** in Figure 1, with the proviso that no compositions contain currently marketed pharmaceuticals.

Group XIX, Claims 65-72, 73, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group I.

Group XX, Claims 65-72, 74, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group II.

Group XXI, Claims 65-72, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group III.

Group XXII, Claims 65-72, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group IV.

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Group XXIII, Claims 65-72, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group V.

Group XXIV, Claims 65-72, 75, 76, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group VI.

Group XXV, Claims 65-73, 75, 77, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group VII.

Group XXVI, Claims 65-72, 74-75, 77, 79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group VIII.

Group XXVII, Claims 65-72, 75, 77 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group IX.

Group XXVIII, Claims 65-72, 75, 77 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group X.

Group XXIX, Claims 65-72, 75, 77 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XI.

Group XXX, Claims 65-72, 75, 77 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XII.

Group XXXI, Claims 65-73, 75, 78-79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XIII.

Group XXXII, Claims 65-72, 74-75, 78-79 drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XIV.

Group XXXIII, Claims 65-72, 75, 78, drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XV.

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Group XXXIV, Claims 65-72, 75, 78, drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XVI.

Group XXXV, Claims 65-72, 75, 78, drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XVII.

Group XXXVI, Claims 65-72, 75, 78, drawn to a method of treating a "disorder responsive to the induction of apoptosis in an animal suffering therefrom..." with the compounds of group XVIII.

Groups XXXVII – LIV Claims 55-56 drawn to combination compositions limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups LV – LXXII Claims 80-86 drawn to methods of treating cancer limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups LXXIII – XC Claim 87 drawn to methods of treating autoimmune disorders limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups XCI – CVIII Claim 88 drawn to methods of treating arthritis limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups CIX – CXXVI Claim 89 drawn to methods of treating inflammation limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups CXXVII – CXLIV Claim 90 drawn to methods of treating inflammatory bowel disease limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

Groups CXLV – CLXII Claims 91-92 drawn to methods of treating skin conditions limited in scope to one of the groups I-XVIII.

The inventions listed as Groups I-CLXII do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

(f) "Markush practice" The situation involving the so-called Markush practice wherein a single claim defines alternatives (chemical or non-chemical) is also governed by PCT Rule 13.2. In this special situation, the requirement of a technical interrelationship and

the same or corresponding special technical features as defined in PCT Rule 13.2, shall be considered to be met when the alternatives are of a similar nature.

- (i) When the Markush grouping is for alternatives of chemical compounds, they shall be regarded as being of a similar nature where the following criteria are fulfilled:
  - (A) All alternatives have a common property or activity; and
  - (B) (1) A common structure is present, i.e., a significant structural element is shared by all of the alternatives; or
  - (B) (2) In cases where the common structure cannot be the unifying criteria, all alternatives belong to a recognized class of chemical compounds in the art to which the invention pertains.

In paragraph (f)(i)(B)(1), above, the words "significant structural element is shared by all of the alternatives" refer to cases where the compounds share a common chemical structure which occupies a large portion of their structures, or in case the compounds have in common only a small portion of their structures, the commonly shared structure constitutes a structurally distinctive portion in view of existing prior art, and the common structure is essential to the common property or activity. The different variables A, Y, Z, D, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, etc. result in so many permutations giving both heterocyclic and non-hetero rings, different bonds between atoms, resulting in compounds that have achieved a different status in the art, and thus are drawn to an improper Markush group on the grounds of lack of a common nucleus. Thus lack of unity is apparent.

A preliminary search of a selected core gave numerous iterations, see below:

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```
=> d 14
L4 HAS NO ANSWERS
1.4
                STR
Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.
=> s 14
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:50:02 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -
                                    10374 TO ITERATE
                    2000 ITERATIONS
19.3% PROCESSED
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                       BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:
                           201376 TO
                                        213584
                             5928 TO
                                          8180
PROJECTED ANSWERS:
```

Thus it is clear that applicant's compound core is not applicant's contribution over the prior art and the commonly shared structure does not constitute a structurally distinctive portion in view of the existing prior art. Thus there is a lack of unity.

A prior art reference anticipating the claims with respect to one group would not render obvious the same claims with respect to another group. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if

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the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

- 4. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include the invention to be examined. Applicant is advised that in addition to the election requirement a reply must include an identification all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected invention. The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.
- 5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David K. O'Dell, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (571) 272-9071. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7:30 A.M.-5:00 P.M EST.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecilia Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA) OR CANADA) or \$71-272-1000.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

D.K.O.